
Subject: Precompiled headers

Posted by [mirek](#) on Sun, 18 Jan 2015 10:49:42 GMT

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I have just finished my take on precompiled headers support in U++. Big thanks to Shire for giving me hints how to do that... (and sorry that my approach in the end is different) Here is docs excerpt:

Precompiled headers is a compiler technique trying to solve the very same problem as BLITZ. In general, we have found BLITZ faster than any precompiled header use, however BLITZ tends to have one disadvantage: by combining all files into single object file, linker has less opportunity to remove unused code. This leads to (sometimes significantly) larger executable binaries. For this reason, we do not recommend (and have off by default) BLITZ for release builds and if possible, we use precompiled headers for release builds.

Precompiled headers have a set of its own problems. Notably, Microsoft C++ precompiled headers are hard to use with multiple processes building the code (Hydra) in debug mode. Also, precompiled headers in general are very bulky files, easily surpassing 100MB, which is a problem as we need to have single precompiled header per package.

For these reasons precompiled headers support works like this:

- * Precompiled headers are activated only in release mode without blitz.
- * You have to set "Precompile header" flag on header files candidates for precompilation. Only single candidate per package is allowed. Note that not all headers can be with this system. Header has to have include guards and it must be possible for all files in the package to include it first before all other headers.
- * Build method has to have "Allow precompiled headers" set.
- * When package is build, it first checks whether using precompiled header is possible (as per rules above). Then it checks how many files are to be rebuild. If there are 3 or more files to build, U++ precompiles the header and uses it to build the package. When the package is built, U++ deletes the header to conserve the space.

U++ supports precompiled headers for MSC, GCC and CLANG. However, practical benchmarks show that with CLANG using precompiled headers actually leads to worse compilation times.

Additional note: They work, they reduce the time of release builds (except CLANG), but results are not spectacular. E.g. IDE gets build in 3:07 with GCC (in Linux) without PCH, which is reduced to 2:19 with precompiled headers.... (meanwhile, debug mode BLITZ requires just 47 seconds, 29 with CLANG).